

(S7) Abstract: Initially a service provider makes content information available to the end user in a coding scheme with a base layer and an enhancement layer. The base layer is encoded in a conventional standard, the enhancement layer is encoded in an emerging standard. Later on, the content is made available entirely in the new standard. The end-user has decoder circuitry that selectively operates in one of multiple modes. In a first mode, the circuit operates as two decoders in parallel, one for each layer. In a second mode, the circuit operates as an emerging standard decoder. Therefore, the provider efficiently uses his/her channel capacity during and after the transition to the new standard.



CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NA, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW, ARIPO patent (BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW), Eurasian patent (AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM), European patent (AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE,

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